1	2	3
	3. M/s. Hoechst India Limited	Baralgan, Pyrolidine, Methyl Tetracycline Pheniramine, Glybenclamine, Frusemid and formulations.
	4. M/s. Parke Davis	Retention price of Chloramphenicol
	5. M/s. Ethnor Limited	Tetramesol and its formulations.
	6. M/s. Anil Starch	Dextrose Anhydrous
	7. M/s. Tamil Nadu Dhadha	Calcium Lactate & its formulations.
	8. M/s. Merch Sharp & Dohme	Dexamethasone & its formulations
	9. M/s. Griffon Lab	Procaine Penicilline and formulations.
III.	*Bombay High Court :*	
	1. M/s. Parke Davis	Multivitamin formulations & categorisation.
	2. M/s. Pfizer Limited	Protine Formulations.
	3. M/s. Warner Hindustan Ltd.	Multivitamin formulations, Vitamins and certain other formulations and categorisation.
	4. M/s. Fulford India Ltd.	Gentamycin formulations.
	5. M/s. Duphar Interfran Ltd.	Silver Sulphadiazine and its formulations.
	6. M/s. John Wyeth & Bros.	Formulations.
	7 M/s. Parke Davis	Ferradol formulations.
	8. M/s. Carter Wallace	Diovo - formulations.
IV.	*Calcutta High Court :*	
	1. M/s. Reckitt & Colman Ltd.	Disprin formulations.

Patalganga factory of Reliance Industry

1511. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
SHRI RAMSINGHBHAI PATALIYABHAI RATHVAKOLI:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Grover Committee reported about the over production and existence of some extra machines at Patalganga factory of Reliance Industries;

(b) whether the Grover Committee report was reviewed by Government and if so, what are the conclusions of the review regarding the import of unauthorised goods and violation of licensing capacity norms of filament yarn production; and

(c) whether it is also a fact that Department of Industrial Development had also appointed some committee in this regard, if so, what are the findings of this committee?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (c) The entire matter including the reports of the technical

teams have been handed over to the CBI for a comprehensive enquiry and the enquiry is in progress. Department of Industrial Development had not appointed any other Committee in this regard.

Power requirement of Gujarat

1512. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:

SHRI RAMSINGHBHAI PATALIYABHAI RATHVAKOLI:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 96 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 13th April, 1987 and state:

(a) what is the estimated requirement of electricity of Gujarat at the end of Seventh Five Year Plan and what would be shortfall, if any;

(b) what is the per capita electricity generation and consumption in Maharashtra, Punjab, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal, Delhi and Gujarat;

(c) how does Central Government propose to meet the shortfall in supply of electricity in Gujarat; and

(d) whether the Department would expedite clearance of six major thermal power projects of Gujarat pending clearance since as long as 1981?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) The energy requirement of Gujarat by the end of the Seventh Five Year Plan as estimated by the Twelfth Power Survey would be around 22640 Mkwh and according to present indications, a shortfall of about 14 per cent is possible.

(b) The per capita electricity generation including that of Central Sector is indicated below for 1985-86:—

(Kwh)

State	Per capita electricity generation including Central Sector generation.
Maharashtra .	423·24
Punjab . . .	892·96
Tamil Nadu . .	289·11
West Bengal . .	181·20
Delhi . . .	625·38
Gujarat . . .	365·98

The per-capita electricity consumption in each State during 1985-86 was as follows:-

State	(Per capita electricity consumption Kwh)
Maharashtra .	312·77
Punjab . . .	421·94
Tamil Nadu . .	217·44
West Bengal . .	134·38
Delhi . . .	544·18
Gujarat . .	294·48

(c) In order to reduce the shortfall in supply of electricity in Gujarat, a number of measures are being taken. These *inter-alia* include addition of 1085 MW new generation capacity plan during Seventh Plan in the State of Gujarat, undertaking the renovation and modernisation of the Gandhi Nagar, Ukai and Dhurvaran Thermal Power Stations to maximise generation, reduction of T&D losses, eneregy conservation and transfer of surplus power from neighbouring States|Regions as and when feasible.

(d) Approval of projects is contingent on a number of factors including tying